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This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

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1. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula (I)

$$L = N \qquad \qquad \begin{array}{c} OR^5 \\ CH_2 = N \qquad \qquad \\ R^4 \\ R^3 \qquad (I),$$

a stereochemically isomeric form thereof, an *N*-oxide form thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid or base addition salt thereof, wherein

-R¹-R²- is a bivalent radical of formula

wherein in said bivalent radicals optionally one or two hydrogen atoms on the same or a different carbon atom may be replaced by C_{1-6} alkyl or hydroxy,

 R^3 is C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy, or halo;

R⁴ is hydrogen or halo;

provided that when R³ and R⁴ are both halo, then the bivalent radical-R¹-R²- is of formula (a-5);

- R^5 is hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl, and the -OR⁵ radical is situated at the 3- or 4-position of the piperidine moiety;
- L is hydrogen, or L is a radical of formula

wherein each Alk is C₁₋₁₂alkanediyl; and

 R^6 is hydrogen; hydroxy; cyano; C_{3-6} cycloalkyl; C_{1-6} alkylsulfonylamino; aryl or Het;

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- R⁷ is C₁₋₆alkyl; C₁₋₆alkyl substituted with hydroxy; C₃₋₆cycloalkyl; aryl or Het;
- X is O, S, SO₂ or NR⁸; said R⁸ being hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl;
- R⁹ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, hydroxy or aryl;
- Y is a direct bond, or NR¹⁰ wherein R¹⁰ is hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl;
- Z is a direct bond, O, S, or NR¹⁰ wherein R¹⁰ is hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl;
- R^{11} and R^{12} each independently are hydrogen, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, $C_{3\text{-}6}$ cycloalkyl, or R^{11} and R^{12} combined with the nitrogen atom bearing R^{11} and R^{12} may form a pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl or 4-morpholinyl ring both being optionally substituted with $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl;
- aryl represents unsubstituted phenyl or phenyl substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy,
 - C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, nitro, trifluoromethyl, amino, aminocarbonyl, and aminosulfonyl; and
- Het is furanyl; furanyl substituted with C_{1-6} alkyl or halo;
 - tetrahydrofuranyl; tetrahydrofuranyl substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl;
 - dioxolanyl; dioxolanyl substituted with C_{1-6} alkyl;
 - dioxanyl; dioxanyl substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl;
 - tetrahydropyranyl; tetrahydropyranyl substituted with C₁₋₆alkyl;
 - 2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-imidazolyl; 2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-imidazolyl substituted
 - with one or two substituents each independently selected from halo, or C₁₋₆alkyl;
 - pyrrolidinyl; pyrrolidinyl substituted with one or two substituents each
 - independently selected from halo, hydroxy, or C₁₋₆alkyl;
 - pyridinyl; pyridinyl substituted with one or two substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, C_{1-6} alkyl;
 - pyrimidinyl; pyrimidinyl substituted with one or two substituents each
 - independently selected from halo, hydroxy, or C₁₋₆alkyl;
 - pyridazinyl; pyridazinyl substituted with one or two substituents each
 - independently selected from hydroxy, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, C₁₋₆alkyl or halo;
 - pyrazinyl; pyrazinyl substituted with one ore two substituents each independently selected from hydroxy, C_{1-6} alkyloxy, C_{1-6} alkyl or halo.
- 2. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein the –OR⁵ radical is situated at the 3-position of the piperidine moiety having the trans configuration.

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3. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 2 wherein the absolute configuration of said piperidine moiety is (3S, 4S).

- 4. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein -R¹-R²- is a radical of formula (a-5), R³ is chloro and R⁴ is chloro.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein -R¹-R²- is a radical of formula (a-5), R³ is chloro and R⁴ is bromo.
- 6. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically active amount of a compound according to claim 1.
- 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Canceled)
- 8 (Original) A process for preparing a compound of formula (I) wherein
 - a) an intermediate of formula (II) is reacted with an carboxylic acid derivative of formula (III) or a reactive functional derivative thereof;

b) an intermediate of formula (IV) is *N*-alkylated with a compound of formula (I-a), defined as a compound of formula (I) wherein L represents hydrogen, in a reaction-inert solvent and, optionally in the presence of a suitable base, thereby yielding compounds of formula (I-b), defined as compounds of formula (I) wherein L is other than hydrogen;

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$$L-W + H-N \longrightarrow CH_2-N - CH_2 - R^4$$
(I-b)
$$(IV)$$

c) an appropriate ketone or aldehyde intermediate of formula L'=O (V), said L'=O being a compound of formula L-H, wherein two geminal hydrogen atoms in the C₁₋₁₂alkanediyl moiety are replaced by =O, is reacted with a compound of formula (I-a), thereby yielding compounds of formula (I-b);

$$L = O + H - N \qquad CH_2 - N - CH_2 - R^4$$

$$(I-b)$$

$$(V)$$

wherein in the above reaction schemes the radicals -R¹-R²-, R³, R⁴ and R⁵ are as defined in claim 1 and W is an appropriate leaving group;

- d) or, compounds of formula (I) are converted into each other following art-known transformation reactions; or if desired; a compound of formula (I) is converted into a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt, or conversely, an acid addition salt of a compound of formula (I) is converted into a free base form with alkali; and, if desired, preparing stereochemically isomeric forms thereof.
- 11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Canceled)
- 1. (Previously Presented) A method for treating hypermotility, irritable bowel syndrome, constipation or diarrhea predominant IDS, pain and non-pain predominant IBS and bowel hypersensitivity comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1.